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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/541,870	07/11/2005	Kinji Yukawa	XA-10400	6048
MILES & STO	7590 09/12/200 OCKBRIDGE PC	8	EXAMINER	
1751 PINNACLE DRIVE			KRAUSE, JUSTIN MITCHELL	
SUITE 500 MCLEAN, VA	X 22102-3833		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
, , ,			3682	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/12/2008	ELECTRONIC .

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

ipdocketing@milesstockbridge.com sstiles@milesstockbridge.com

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/541,870	YUKAWA ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
JUSTIN KRAUSE	3682	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply

Status	
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Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S5/08)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/11/05, 1/18/08.

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) Notice of Informal Patert Application 6) Other: _____.

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-11 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 1:

The phrase, "interposed between at least one of axial grooves" is indefinite because it leave open the possibility that there is one, single groove, in which case, it is unclear how either the first or second torque transmitting member could be interposed between a single groove.

Also, "a direction in which both the contact portions are separated from each other" is previously defined in the claim as, "a contact portion on the groove surface side which is separated from said contact portion on the transmitting member side by a predetermine distance in a substantially circumferential direction". Having previously

recited the relation between parts, it is unclear how "a direction" differs from the directional relationship established in lines 20-23.

Regarding claim 3, "said elastic member is in a folded back form which is folded back between the contact portion . . .", is duplicative. It is suggested that the language be amended to recite --said elastic member is folded back between the contact portion . . -- for readability and to prevent further indefiniteness of what is meant by "folded back form".

Regarding claim 4, it is unclear what the shape of the bottom portion of the elastic member is, as the claim recites that it is either in contact with the bottom surface of the axial groove or separated from the bottom surface of the axial groove. It is unclear how a single embodiment encompasses this claim. Such a limitation alters the structure of the device within the claim, making the scope unclear. If applicant's intent is to recite multiple embodiments, the claim should be rewritten as 2 separate dependant claims.

Regarding claim 10, it is unclear what relationship is established by "among". It cannot be determined how the shafts and torque transmitting member are related within the relationship to determine the angle.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct

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from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Omum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-11 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 7,322,607; 7,404,768; 7,338,382; 7,416,199; 7,416,216; 7338,078. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because all of the above patents disclose similar torque transmitting arrangements comprising sets of balls and cylindrical rollers disposed between a male and female shaft.

Claims 1-11 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over copending Application No. 10/489,449; 10/529,750; 10/527,804. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because all of the above applications disclose similar torque transmitting arrangements comprising sets of balls and cylindrical rollers disposed between a male and female shaft.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to JUSTIN KRAUSE whose telephone number is (571)272-

3012. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Richard Ridley can be reached on 571-272-6917. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

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Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call

800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/J. K./

Examiner, Art Unit 3682

/Richard WL Ridley/

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Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3682

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